

# TECHNICAL INFORMATION

## Tentative Correction Factor for FUJICOLOR Negative Film Control Strips

With some film processors that use CN-16 chemicals, there is a tendency toward control limits being exceeded. Therefore we request that the extra tentative correction factor be used in addition to the one shown in the enclosed correction factor sheet, for the time being.

### 1. The Tentative Correction Factor

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Add the correction factor A to correction factor B.

{	Correction factor A: The Tentative Correction Factor
}	Correction factor B: Enclosed Correction Factor

<The Tentative Correction Factor = Correction Factor A>

	R	G	B
HD	–	–0.05	–0.02
LD	–	–	–
DMIN	–	–	–

### 2. Applied Code Numbers

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Use the tentative correction factor for only these code numbers (O: 1-6).

NH7O, NT7O, NM7O, NV7O, NF7O, NJ7O, NS7O

- 1) Don't use the tentative correction factor other than these code numbers. (Because we'll add the correction value to the enclosed correction factor sheet, in the future.)
- 2) We'll stamp the enclosed correction factor sheet with "REFERENCE VALUE REVISED" in red for the following codes: NY7O, NN7O, NZ7O (O: 1-6)

### 3. Applied Chemicals

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CN-16 processing chemicals in general (exclude C-41 chemicals)

### 4. Appendices

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The tendency toward low contrast of G and B is corrected when this Tentative Correction Factor is used. If the speed (LD), the contrast (C), and the DMIN (Minimum density) still exceed control limits, there might be a trouble with the processor. Please check the processing solution, processing conditions, circulation, etc.

**NOTICE** The data published herein were derived from materials taken from general production runs. However, as Fujifilm is constantly upgrading the quality of its products, changes in specifications may occur without prior notice.